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# A construction of complete-simple distributive lattices

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Introduction
In this note, we prove the following result:
Theorem
There exists an infinite complete distributive lattice K with only the two trivial complete congruence relations.

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# The $\Pi^*$ construction

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Introduction

Construction Second result Proof The following construction is crucial in the proof of our Theorem:

#### Definition

Let  $D_i$ , for  $i \in I$ , be complete distributive lattices satisfying condition (J). Their  $\Pi^*$  product is defined as follows:

 $\Pi^*(D_i \mid i \in I) = \Pi(D_i^- \mid i \in I) + 1;$ 

that is,  $\Pi^*(D_i \mid i \in I)$  is  $\Pi(D_i^- \mid i \in I)$  with a new unit element.

### Illustrating the construction



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 $\Pi(D_i \mid i \in I)$ 

 $\Pi(D_i^- \mid i \in I) + 1$ 

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## Notation

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#### If $i \in I$ and $d \in D_i^-$ , then

$$\langle \ldots, 0, \ldots, d, \ldots, 0, \ldots \rangle$$

is the element of  $\Pi^*(D_i \mid i \in I)$  whose *i*-th component is *d* and all the other components are 0. See also Ernest T. Moynahan, 1957.

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### The second result

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#### Next we verify the following result:

#### Theorem

Let  $D_i$ ,  $i \in I$ , be complete distributive lattices satisfying condition (J). Let  $\Theta$  be a complete congruence relation on  $\Pi^*(D_i \mid i \in I)$ . If there exist  $i \in I$  and  $d \in D_i$  with  $d < 1_i$  such that, for all  $d \leq c < 1_i$ ,

$$\langle \dots, d, \dots, 0, \dots \rangle \equiv \langle \dots, c, \dots, 0, \dots \rangle \pmod{\Theta},$$

then  $\Theta = \iota$ .

# Starting the proof

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$$\langle \dots, d, \dots, 0, \dots \rangle \equiv \langle \dots, c, \dots, 0, \dots \rangle \pmod{\Theta},$$

and  $\Theta$  is a complete congruence relation, it follows from condition (J) that

$$\langle \dots, d, \dots, 0, \dots 
angle \equiv \bigvee (\langle \dots, c, \dots, 0, \dots 
angle \mid d \leq c < 1) \pmod{\Theta}$$

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## Completing the proof

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Let  $j \in I$ ,  $j \neq i$ , and let  $a \in D_j^-$ . Meeting both sides of the congruence with  $\langle \dots, a, \dots, 0, \dots \rangle$ , we obtain that

$$0 = \langle \dots, a, \dots, 0, \dots \rangle \pmod{\Theta},$$

Using the completeness of  $\boldsymbol{\Theta}$  and the penultimate equation, we get:

$$0 \equiv \bigvee (\langle \dots, a, \dots, 0, \dots \rangle \mid a \in D_j^-) = 1 \pmod{\Theta},$$

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hence  $\Theta = \iota$ .

## References

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